

Fatty Snapper say it's all mussel

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The Hungry Snapper Problem:

The **size and growth** rate of **snapper** has been **declining** over the past 30 years as a reflection of decreasing food resources in the Hauraki Gulf. To prevent further declines, there is a need to understand **what habitats snapper value for feeding**, so we can preserve them.

Aquaculture Explosion!

Aquaculture production now **exceeds** the production of wild fisheries. As a result, aquaculture has expanded into coastal and open ocean regions globally, making it a common habitat for wild fish to encounter.

Methods:

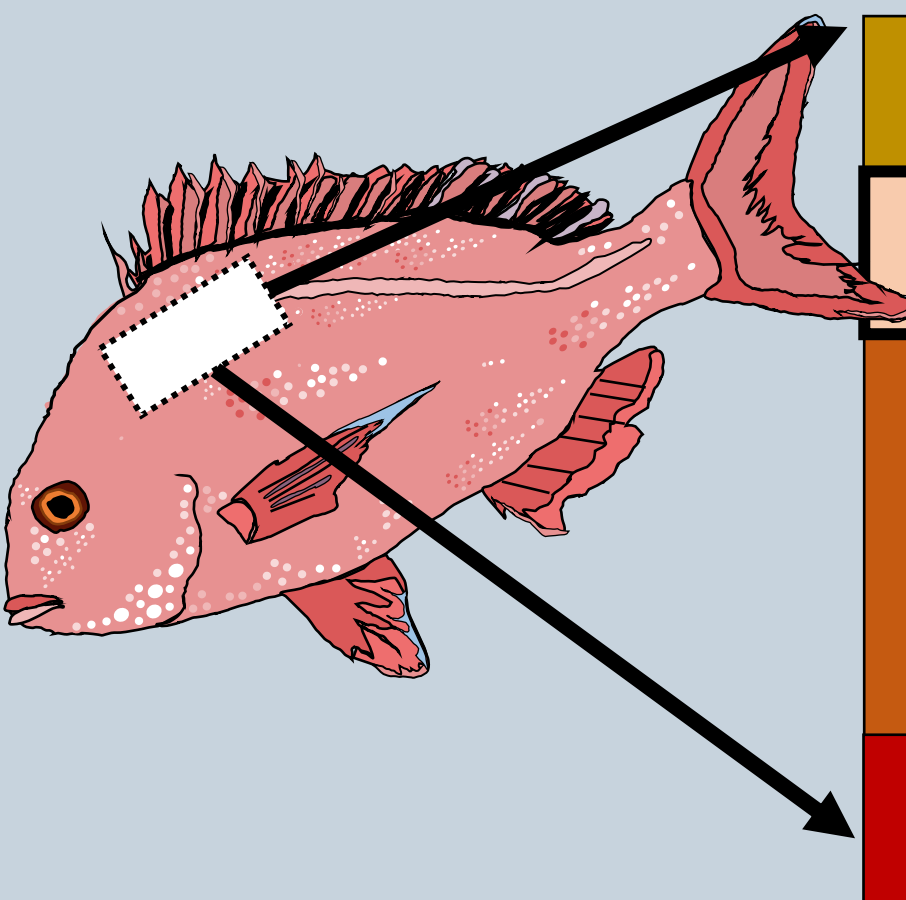
Thirty-two snapper were sampled from within mussel farms, and twenty-eight snapper were sampled from soft-sediment habitats 500m away from the farms. Tissue samples were taken from each of the **60 snapper** and underwent biochemical analyses which **break the tissue down** into its structural components (i.e., carbs, fats, and protein).

The composition of the fishes tissue tells us about their nutritional condition. We can break down the fats even further into lipid class and individual fatty acids. Lipid class tells us **what fats are being stored** and what for, whilst fatty acids tell us about **the diet of the fish**.

TAG is super **dense in energy** and is **stored** prior to **spawning** or **starvation events**!

Results:

Biochemistry:



Carbohydrates ~0.3% of tissue
Lipids/Fats 5.8%
Protein ~85% of tissue
Inorganic material ~5% of tissue

Lipid Class:

Polar Lipids
TAG 20.5%
Sterols
Free fatty acids

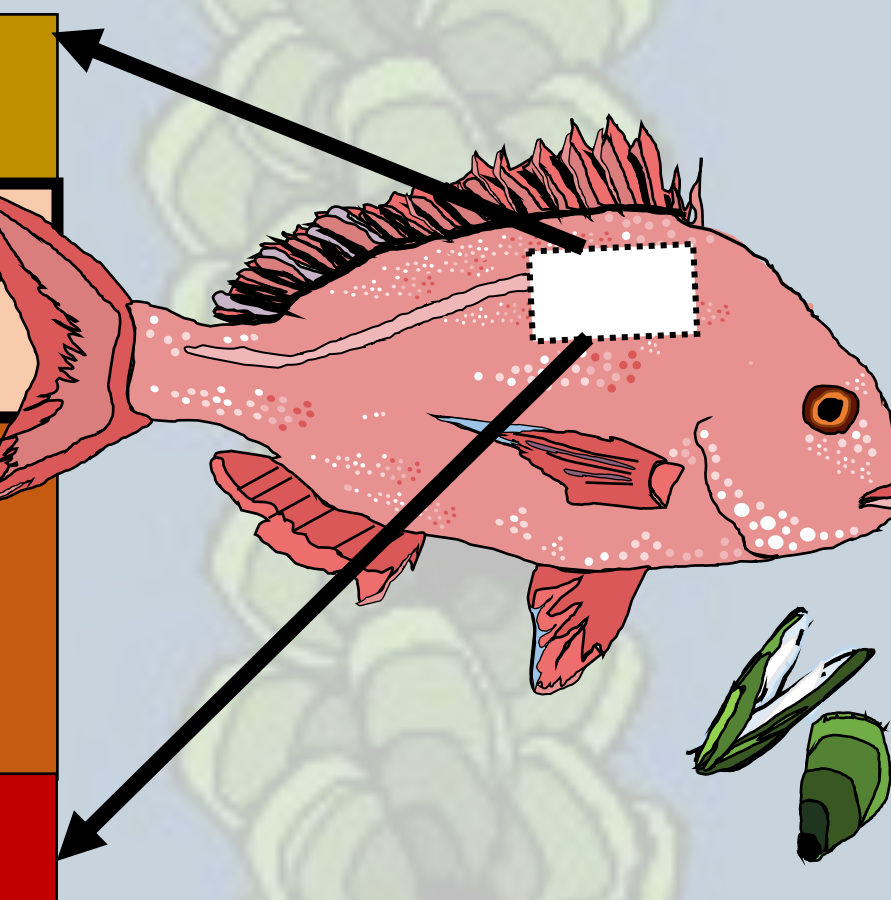
Fat content was **62% higher** in **mussel farm** samples!

TAG was **79% higher** in **mussel farm** samples!

Lipid Class:

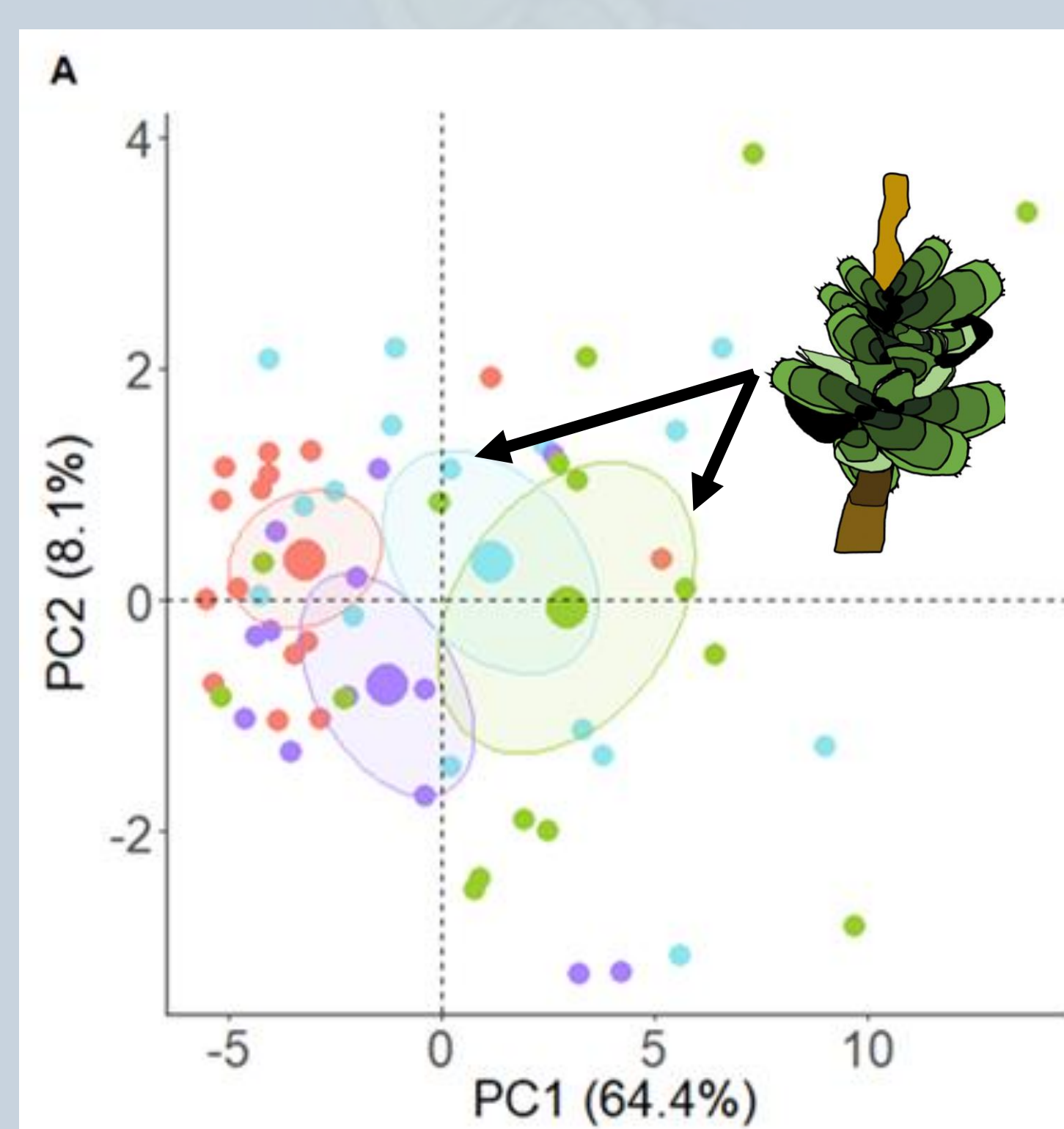
Polar Lipids
TAG 47.3%
Sterols
Free fatty acids

Biochemistry:



Carbohydrates ~0.3% of tissue
Lipids/Fats 8.5%
Protein ~85% of tissue
Inorganic material ~5% of tissue

What's the Fatty Acid Story?



● Soft sediment 1 ● Mussel farm 1
● Soft sediment 2 ● Mussel farm 2

Conclusions

Snapper in mussel farms are in **better nutritional condition** than snapper just 500m away in soft-sediment habitats. This study suggests that there are strong **benefits** for snapper feeding within mussel farms, with the potential to influence their **growth** and **reproduction**.

References

Underwood, L., Reis, A., & Jeffs, A. (2023). Diet of snapper (*Chrysophrys auratus*) in green-lipped mussel farms and adjacent soft-sediment habitats. *Aquaculture, Fish and Fisheries*, 3(3), 268–286. <https://doi.org/10.1002/aff2.113>
Walsh, C.; Parsons, D.; Bian, R.; McKenzie, J.; Armiger, H.; Evans, O.; Taylor, R.; Buckthought, D.; Smith, M.; Spong, K. (2022). Age composition of commercial snapper landings in SNA 1 and SNA 2, 2019–20. New Zealand Fisheries Assessment Report 2022/24. 136 p.